Week 14: Problems

CS 5301 Spring 2015

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Practice Problem #1

- Problem: write a function that will return true if all of the elements in an array are equal to 0.
- How to think about this problem:
 - ALL of them must be 0 to be true. I have to look at ALL of them before I can return true.
 - If any one of them is not 0, it is false. I need ONE bad example to return false.

Problem solving

- Understand the problem description
- Generate a hypothetical solution
 - Think in terms of steps computer must perform
- Encode the solution (write the C++ code)
- Check your work
 - Trace your code, go through it step by step, carry out the instructions to see if they will solve the problem (you must be able to read code)
 - Look for errors in your solution (incorrect syntax, missing or misplaced { }, undefined variables, etc).

2

Practice Problem #2

 Write a function that computes the maximum value in an integer array a[] of size N.

3

Practice Problems #3

• Write a function RemoveFirst() that removes the first occurrence of a given value x from an array a[] of size N. It is not known whether the value actually occurs in the array. For example, if a = { 2,4,5,6,4,7,2,3,4,2} then RemoveFirst(a , 4) produces a = {2,5,6,4,7,2,3,4,2} The interface for the function is:

void RemoveFirst(int a[], int & N, int x)

//Removes first x from array a[], decrements // N if x is removed

5

Practice Problems #5

Write a function mode that returns the most commonly occurring element in an array of ints. For example mode (L) applied to the array L: 3,5,4,2,5,7 returns 5. If L = {1,2,3,3,4,3,5,2} it returns 3. You may assume there is only one mode in the array.

Practice Problems #4

 Write a recursive function SumUp() that returns the sum of the values in a singly linked list. For example the SumUp (L) applied to the list L: 3,5,4,2,5,7 returns 26. Assume the declarations:

```
struct node {
  int data
  node *link;
};
int SumUp( node* L );
// returns the sum of the values in L
```

6

7