Programming Assignment #5

Small Store Inventory Redux

CS 2308.251, 252, and 257 Spring 2016
Instructor: Jill Seaman

Due: Monday, 4/4/2016: upload electronic copy by 9:00am

Design and implement the following two C++ **classes** that manage the inventory of a small store.

Product: For each product, you should store the following info:

product name (i.e. "Apple iPhone 3GS 8GB", may contain spaces in it, not unique)
locator   (string with no spaces, used to physically locate product, not unique)
quantity   (how many of this product in stock, greater than or equal to 0)
price   (in dollars and cents, greater than 0)

Note: For a given product, <u>the product name AND locator together must be unique</u>. So you may have two entries for "iPhone 5c" if one has "box3" for the locator and the other has "shelf12" (**this is different from PA#2**).

You should implement the following operations for a **Product**:

- You should implement **two constructors**: one that takes no arguments (quantity and price are 0, product name and locator are empty strings), and one that accepts a value for each of the four member variables.

- <u>set</u> and <u>get</u> all instance variables (make the instance variables private).

- bool **isEqual(Product)**: this product is equal to another if they have the same product name and locator values.

- bool **greaterThan(Product)**: this product is greaterThan another if its product name is greater than the others, OR if they have the same product names, if this product's locator is greater than the other's locator.

ProductInventory:

When a product inventory object is created, it should dynamically allocate an array of Product, using a **constructor** parameter to specify the size. (You should also implement a **destructor**).

You should implement the following operations over the small store inventory:

addProduct: takes a product and adds it to the inventory. If the inventory is full, it should call the resize function first (see below). If a product with the same name and locator is already in the inventory, the add should fail and return false. If the quantity or price are invalid, it should fail and return false.

removeProduct: takes a product name and locator and removes any matching Product from the inventory. Returns true if a product was removed.

showInventory: displays a listing of the store inventory to the screen, one product entry per line. Output the locator, then quantity, then price, then product name.

sortInventory: reorders the products in the list, using the greaterThan(Product) function (does not display them).

getTotalQuantity: returns the total number of units of all of the products in the inventory (this is not the size of the inventory array).

resize: internal function that doubles the size of the inventory array (somewhat like duplicateArray). Allocates a new array, and copies all the existing products to it. Be sure to clean up.

Input/Output:

The **main function** should be a driver program that tests the functionality of the Product and ProductInventory classes. See the website for a driver program that MUST compile with your code (without changing the driver program). I recommend expanding the driver to do more complete testing of your code. Even if your program works correctly with the driver it may still have bugs not exposed by the driver.

NOTES:

• Create and use a **makefile** to compile the executable program. There will be four goals in this makefile, because you will have three .cpp files. Use the following names for your files:

    Product.h
    Product.cpp
    ProductInventory.h
    ProductInventory.cpp
    ProductDriver.cpp

- Put a header comment at the top of each file.

- DO NOT change the names of the classes, functions or files.

- You do NOT need to use binary search for this assignment.

- You do NOT need to keep the array sorted for this assignment. If someone wants the inventory to be sorted, they will need to call sortInventory.

- **Do not add extra I/O** to the class functions! Only showInventory should do I/O.

- Your program **must compile** and run, otherwise you will receive a score of 0.

- Your program must pass **Test Case 0** or you will receive a score of 30 or less with no credit for the other grading categories (correctness/constraints/style). This test case is in a driver file called **TC0Driver.cpp** on the class website. It is similar to the ProductDriver.cpp test driver, but it is much shorter. Your code must compile with this driver and produce the expected output (see the comments in the file). Your program must contain a Product class and a ProductInventory class to pass TC0.

Logistics:

Since there are multiple files for this assignment, you need to combine them into one file before submitting them. It is **not** necessary to submit your ProductDriver.cpp file**.** You can use the zip utility from the Linux/Unix command line:

```
[...]$zip assign5_xxxxxx.zip ProductInventory.cpp
ProductInventory.h Product.cpp Product.h makefile
```

This combines the 5 files into one zip file, assign5_xxxxx.zip (where xxxxx is your NetID). Then you should submit only assign5_xxxxx.zip.

There are two steps to the turn-in process:

1. Submit an electronic copy using the Assignments tool on the TRACS website for this class.

2. Submit a printout of the source files at the beginning of class, the day the assignment is due. Please print your name on the front page, staple if there is more than one page.

See the assignment turn-in policy on the course website (cs.txstate.edu/~js236/cs2308) for more details.